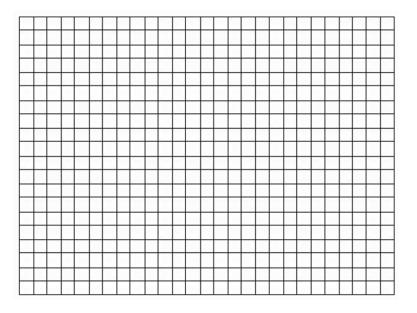
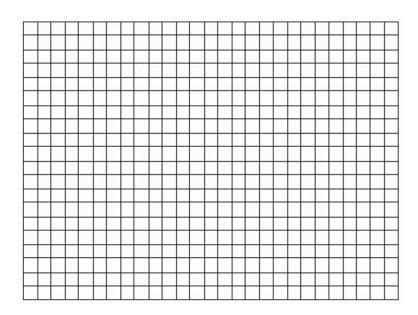
Name:
Class:
Due Date:
Physics Topic 38 – Damping and Resonance
Answer the following questions. The solutions to this worksheet can be found on the YouTube channel Go Physics Go.
1. C: What is a restoring force?
2. C: What are some characteristics for simple harmonic motion?
3. C: Define free oscillation.

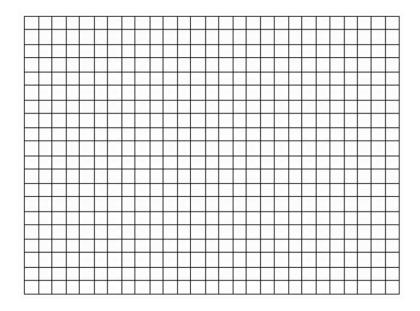
4. C: Use a pencil! Label and draw a displacement vs. time graph for a free oscillation.



- 5. C: Define damping.
- 6. C: Define underdamping (or light damping).
- 7. C: **Use a pencil!** Label and draw a *displacement vs. time* graph for an *underdamped system*.

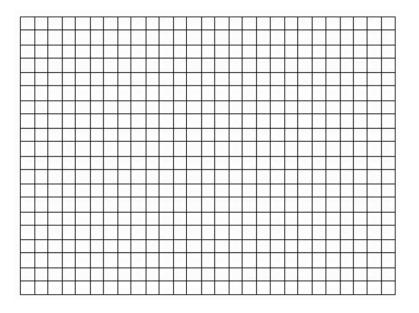


- 8. C: Define overdamped motion.
- 9. C: Use a pencil! Label and draw a displacement vs. time graph for overdamped motion.



10.C: Define critically damped motion.

11.C: **Use a pencil!** Label and draw a *displacement vs. time* graph for a *critically damped system*.



12.C: What is a *driving force?*

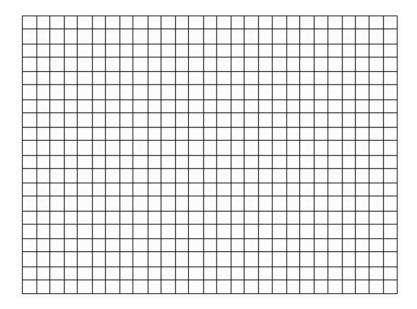
13.C: Define *natural frequency*.

14.C: Define resonance. When does resonance occur?

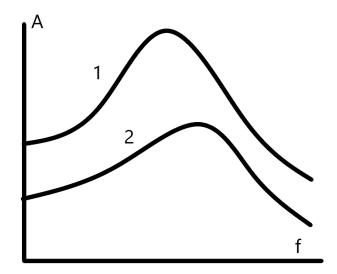
15.C: What happens to the amplitude of an object when the *natural frequency* of the object is much lower or much higher than the *driving frequency*?

16.C: What happens to the amplitude of an object when the *natural frequency* of the object is approximately equal to the *driving frequency*?

17.C: Draw an *amplitude vs. frequency* graph of an object oscillating with a driving force and a damping force.



18.E: Two oscillators are experiencing forced oscillations at a frequency near to the natural frequency of each oscillator. The graph below shows the amplitude with forcing frequency for each oscillator:



- a. Which system, 1 or 2, has a greater amount of damping?
- b. Which system, 1 or 2, has a greater natural frequency of oscillation?
- 19.C: List some effects of resonance in the real world.