Name: _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Class: _	
Due Date:	

Physics Topic 12 - Vertical Motion in One Dimension with Air Resistance

Answer the following questions. The solutions to this worksheet can be found on the YouTube channel Go Physics Go.

1. C: True or false:

- a. According to Newton's second law of motion $\sum \vec{F}$ and \vec{a} will always point in the same direction. In other words, the net force must be in the same direction as the acceleration of the object.
- b. According to Newton's second law of motion $\sum \vec{F}$ and \vec{v} will always point in the same direction. In other words, the net force must in the same direction as the motion of the object.
- c. According to Newton's second law of motion the \vec{v} and \vec{a} of an object will always point in the same direction.

2.	C: Give an example of an object when its net force (or acceleration) and
velocity point in opposite directions.	

3. C: What is the meaning of *static equilibrium*? What is the meaning of *translational/dynamic equilibrium*?

4. C: Use a pencil and ruler! Define free fall. Draw a displacement vs. time graph, a distance vs. time graph, a velocity vs. time graph, a speed vs. time graph, and an acceleration vs. time graph for an object dropped from rest in free fall.

5. C: An object is thrown upwards in the presence of air resistance. Draw a free body diagram of the object when it is moving upward, at its peak, and moving downward.

Moving upwards	At the top	Moving downwards

6. C: Use a pencil and ruler! Define terminal velocity. What is the relationship between speed and the force of friction? Draw a distance vs. time graph, a speed vs. time graph, and an acceleration vs. time graph of an object being dropped from rest from a very high height above the surface of the Earth with both the force of friction and the force of gravity acting on it.

7. A parachutist jumps off a plane from a great height. After reaching terminal speed the parachutist opens his parachute. The parachutist obtains terminal speed for a second time and finally hits the ground. Draw a *speed vs. time* graph of the parachutist.

8. A 13.0 kg object falls in the air. Calculate the magnitude of the air resistance on the object when its acceleration is 4.00 $\frac{m}{s^2}$.

9. A 3.00 kg object falls from rest in the presence of air friction F_r . Determine its terminal speed if $F_r = kv$ where $k = 7.00 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$.

10. Determine an equation for the speed and displacement of an object if it is dropped from rest in the presence of air friction $F_r = kv$.

11. Determine an equation for the speed of an object if it is dropped from rest in the presence of air friction $F_r = kv^2$.